

MATE 313

Fall 2019

Homework # 1

Due: **October 10th, 2019**

Group submission (up to 3 students per group) is allowed.

1

Question 1

The temperature at which pure iron transforms from BCC to FCC crystal structure on heating is 912°C at atmospheric pressure.

Use the data given below and calculate by how much the pressure (ΔP) must be increased in order to have this transformation at 812°C?

$$\Delta H (\text{BCC} \rightarrow \text{FCC}) = 7153 \text{ J/mole}$$

$$V_m(\alpha) = 7.061 \times [1 + 2.043 \times 10^{-5}T + 1.52 \times 10^{-8}T^2] \text{ cm}^3/\text{mole}$$

$$V_m(\gamma) = 6.695 \times [1 + 2.043 \times 10^{-5}T + 1.52 \times 10^{-8}T^2] \text{ cm}^3/\text{mole}$$

2

Question 2

Calculate the heat (ΔH) required to form a Cu-Ag liquid solution at 1356K starting with 4 moles of solid Cu and 1 mol of solid Ag at 298K.

Data:

At 1356K the enthalpy of mixing for a Cu-Ag liquid solution is given by:

$$\Delta H_{\text{mix}} = -20,590 X_{\text{Cu}} X_{\text{Ag}} \text{ J/mol of solution.}$$

Ag melts at 1234K where $\Delta H_{\text{melt,Ag}} = 11,090 \text{ J/mol}$;

$$C_{p(\text{Ag,s})} = 21.3 + 8.54 \times 10^{-3}T \text{ J/mol.K}; C_{p(\text{Ag,l})} = 30.5 \text{ J/mol.K}$$

Cu melts at 1356K where $\Delta H_{\text{melt,Cu}} = 12,970 \text{ J/mol}$;

$$C_{p(\text{Cu,s})} = 22.64 + 6.28 \times 10^{-3}T \text{ J/mol.K}$$

3

Question 3:

Calculate a) the entropy of mixing b) the Gibbs free energy of mixing for 350 g of an equimolar ideal solid solution of Cu and Ni at 727°C.

4

Question 4:

Calculate the degrees of freedom for

- (a) pure Pb at its melting point
- (b) pure Pb below its melting point, and
- (c) a single-phase solid solution of Sn dissolved in the solvent Pb,.

Question 5:

Based on the phase diagram given on the right, draw the free energy curves of the phases at a temperature

- a) just above and
- b) just below the peritectic temperature.

